Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

Fitzgerald Power McHugh Limited
Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors
Kellar House
Staplestown Road
Co. Carlow

Company Number: 367291

Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG CONTENTS

	Page
Directors and Other Information	3
Directors' Report	4 - 5
Directors' Responsibilities Statement	6
Independent Auditor's Report	7 - 8
Appendix to the Independent Auditor's Report	9
Income and Expenditure Account	10
Balance Sheet	11
Reconciliation of Members' Funds	12
Cash Flow Statement	13
Notes to the Financial Statements	14 - 18
Supplementary Information on Trading Statement	20 - 22

Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG DIRECTORS AND OTHER INFORMATION

Directors

Tom Geoghegan Michael Brennan Kieran Comerford Brian Buckley Brian Ogilvie

Company Secretary

Kieran Comerford

Company Number

367291

Charity Number

15173

Registered Office and Business Address

Enterprise House O'Brien Road Co. Carlow Ireland

Auditors

Fitzgerald Power McHugh Limited

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Kellar House Staplestown Road

Co. Carlow

Bankers

Allied Irish Bank - Carlow

Tullow Street Carlow

Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

The Company is limited by guarantee not having a share capital.

The company had a satisfactory year in providing its core activities. The Board continued to provide services such as shared services, hot desking and virtual offices. Having regard to the current economic conditions the directors are continuing to control costs, while endeavouring to maintain high levels of service. Although the Russia Ukraine has caused general economic uncertainty, the directors have taken steps to protect the business and to try to minimise the overall impact on the company.

Financial Results

The surplus for the financial year after providing for depreciation amounted to €47,397 (2021 - €50,016).

At the end of the financial year, the company has assets of €1,772,240 (2021 - €1,762,961) and liabilities of €1,029,243 (2021 - €1,067,361). The net assets of the company have increased by €47,397.

Directors and Secretary

The directors who served throughout the financial year were as follows:

Tom Geoghegan Michael Brennan Kieran Comerford Brian Buckley Brian Ogilvie

The secretary who served throughout the financial year was Kieran Comerford.

There were no changes in shareholdings between 30 June 2022 and the date of signing the financial statements.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, the directors retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Future Developments

The company's forecasts and projections, taking account of planned costs & projected revenues, show that the company should be able to operate within its existing financial model. The directors recognise that, there remains uncertainty in the economy with the Russia Ukraine war and thus, some uncertainty about the future income stream of the company. Having considered the post year bank statements and cash flow forecasts, together with company current and anticipated levels of cash, the directors are satisfied that the company has sufficient resources to continue in operation for the forseeable future.

The directors of the company recently signed off on a restructuring agreement with Carlow County Council whereby the Council agreed to pay off the AlB loan of the company & have offered a loan on a no interest basis over 20 years (€475,000 to be repaid over 20 years).

Post Balance Sheet Events

The impact of current tensions between Russia and Ukraine has not materially adversely impacted the company's income post year end, and the directors do not envisage that this will present an issue to the company providing matters do not further escalate. The directors have considered the impact of the war and its effect on the economic climate & have concluded that at the approval date of the financial statements, there has been no material impact on the company.

Auditors

The auditors, Fitzgerald Power McHugh Limited, (Chartered Accountants) have indicated their willingness to continue in office in accordance with the provisions of section 383(2) of the Companies Act 2014.

Health and Safety of Employees

It is the policy of the company to ensure the health and welfare of the employees by maintaining a safe place and system of work. This policy is based on the requirements of employment legislation, including the Safety Health and Welfare at Work Act, 2005.

Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

Statement on Relevant Audit Information

In accordance with section 330 of the Companies Act 2014, so far as each of the persons who are directors at the time this report is approved are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the statutory auditors are unaware. The directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and they have established that the statutory auditors are aware of that information.

Compliance Statement

The directors are responsible for securing the company's compliance with its relevant obligations (compliance with both company and tax law) and with respect to each of the following three items, we confirm that it has/has not been done. We confirm:"

- the existence of a compliance policy statement;
- appropriate arrangements or structures put in place to secure material compliance with the company's relevant obligations;
- a review of such arrangements and structures has taken place during the year

Accounting Records

To ensure that adequate accounting records are kept in accordance with sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014, the directors have employed appropriately qualified accounting personnel and have maintained appropriate computerised accounting systems. The accounting records are located at the company's office at Enterprise House, O'Brien Road, Co. Carlow.

Signed on behalf of the board

Tom Geoghegan

Director

8 December 2022

Brian Ogilviè Director

8 December 2022

Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the surplus or deficit of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and surplus or deficit of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be readily and properly audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of Information to Auditor

Each persons who are directors at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- there is no relevant audit information (information needed by the company's auditor in connection with preparing the auditor's report) of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Signed on behalf of the board

Torn Geoghegan Director

8 December 2022

Brian Ogilvie Director

8 December 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the Members of Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG ('the company') for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 which comprise the Income and Expenditure Account, the Balance Sheet, the Reconciliation of Members' Funds, the Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued in the United Kingdom by the Financial Reporting Council.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 30 June 2022 and of its surplus for the financial year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In forming our opinion, which is not modified, we draw your attention to note 4 of the financial statements which indicate that although the Russia Ukraine war has not had a significant impact on the company, there remains uncertainty about how the situation will evolve in the future.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, on the understanding that the company will continue in operational existence for the forseeable future.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the Members of Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the requirements of any of sections 305 to 312 of the Act, which relate to disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions are not complied with by the Company. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Respective responsibilities

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework that give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, if applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operation, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is contained in the appendix to this report, located at page 9, which is to be read as an integral part of our report.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume any responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mr. John McHugh for and on behalf of

FITZGERALD POWER MCHUGH LIMITED

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Kellar House Staplestown Road

Co. Carlow

Date: 15/12/2022

Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG APPENDIX TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Further information regarding the scope of our responsibilities as auditor

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

	Notes	2022 €	2021 €
Income		399,952	250,884
Expenditure		(345,448)	(191,888)
Surplus before interest		54,504	58,996
Interest payable and similar expenses	6	(7,107)	(8,980)
Surplus for the financial year		47,397	50,016
Total comprehensive income		47,397	50,016

Approved by the board on 8 December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

Tom Geoghegan

Difector

Brian Ogilvie

Director

Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG BALANCE SHEET

as at 30 June 2022

	Notes	2022 €	2021 €
Fixed Assets			
Tangible assets	8	1,653,765	1,670,910
Current Assets			
Debtors	9	18,154	6,951
Cash and cash equivalents		100,321	85,100
		118,475	92,051
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(73,838)	(137,016)
Net Current Assets/(Liabilities)		44,637	(44,965)
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		1,698,402	1,625,945
Creditors:			
amounts falling due after more than one year	11	(955,405)	(930,345)
Net Assets		742,997	695,600
Reserves			
Income and expenditure account		742,997	695,600
Members' Funds		742,997	695,600

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 8 December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

Tom Geoghegan

Director

Brian Ogilvie Director

Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERS' FUNDS

as at 30 June 2022

Retained surplus	Total
€	€
645,584	645,584
50,016	50,016
695,600	695,600
47,397	47,397
742,997	742,997
	surplus € 645,584 50,016 695,600 47,397

Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG CASH FLOW STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

Cash flows from operating activities	Notes	2022 €	2021 €
Surplus for the financial year Adjustments for:		47,397	50,016
Interest payable and similar expenses Depreciation		7,107	8,980
Amortisation of government grants		61,750 (46,670)	53,127 (37, 74 9)
Movements in working capital:		69,584	74,374
Movement in creditors		(11,203) (44,482)	(7,398) 37,549
Cash generated from operations Interest paid		13,899 (7,107)	104,525 (8,980)
Net cash generated from operating activities		6,792	95,545
Cash flows from investing activities Payments to acquire tangible assets		(44,605)	(40,318)
Cash flows from financing activities New long term loan			
New short term loan Repayment of short term loan		27,125 23,750 (42,446)	(42,445)
Government grants		44,605	31,222
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities		53,034	(11,223)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		15,221 85,100	44,004 41,096
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	15	100,321	85,100

Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

1. General Information

Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG is a company limited by guarantee incorporated in the Republic of Ireland

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2022 have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Ireland and Irish statute comprising the Companies Act 2014 and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014.

Income

Turnover is generated from rental income along with income from external projects and government grants received from Enterprise Ireland.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Land
Buildings
Fixtures, fittings and equipment
Computer equipment

- 0% straight line
2% straight line
20% straight line
20% straight line
20% straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs relating to the acquisition of assets are capitalised at the appropriate rate by adding them to the cost of assets being acquired. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on the assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

Taxation

As a result of the company's status, no charge to corporation tax arises under the provisions of Sections 207 and 208 of the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997.

Government grants

Capital grants received and receivable are treated as deferred income and amortised to the Income and Expenditure Account annually over the useful economic life of the asset to which it relates. Revenue grants are credited to the Income and Expenditure Account when received.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Income and Expenditure Account.

3. Departure from Companies Act 2014 Presentation

The directors have elected to present an Income and Expenditure Account instead of a Profit and Loss Account in these financial statements as this company is a not-for-profit entity.

4. Going concern

The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and current position are set out in the directors' report on pages 4 to 5. The company meets its day to day working capital requirements by controlling expenditure and trying to maintain occupancy levels within its rental units. The company's forecasts and projections, taking account of planned costs & projected revenues, show that the company should be able to operate within its existing financial model. The directors recognise that, there remains uncertainty around how the Russia Ukraine war will impact on the economy and thus, some uncertainty about the future income stream of the company. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will be able to successfully navigate the present uncertainties and are satisfied to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

5.	Operating surplus	2022	2021
	Operating surplus is stated after charging/(crediting):	€	€
	Depreciation of tangible assets Amortisation of Government grants	61,750 (46,670)	53,127 (37,749)
6.	Interest payable and similar expenses	2022 €	2021 €
201	Interest	7,107	8,980

7. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 1, (2021 - 2).

			2022 Number	2021 Number
Cleaning Accounts			. 1	1
			1	2

continued

Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

8. Tangible assets

•	rangible 4926(2					
		Land	Buildings	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Computer equipment	Total
	Cost	€	€	€	€	€
	At 1 July 2021				•	•
	Additions	156,492	2,027,825	162,184	29,627	2,376,128
	Additions	_	-	44,605	-	44,605
	At 30 June 2022	156,492	2,027,825	206,789	29,627	2,420,733
	Depreciation					
	At 1 July 2021		550.000			
	Charge for the financial year	-	552,629	125,157	27,432	705,218
			40,556	19,602	1,592	61,750
	At 30 June 2022	-	593,185	144,759	29,024	766,968
	Net book value					
	At 30 June 2022	156,492	1,434,640	62,030	603	1,653,765
	At 30 June 2021	156,492	1,475,196	37,027	2,195	1,670,910
9.	Debtors	_			2022	2021
	Trade dala				•	€
	Trade debtors Prepayments				15,311	3,890
	rrepayments				2,843	3,061
					18,154	6,951
10	0					
10.	Creditors				2022	2021
	Amounts falling due within one year				€	2021
	Amounts owed to credit institutions					-
	Trade creditors				23,750	42,446
	Taxation				16,852	11,264
	Other creditors				3,663	7,518
	Accruals				20,085	63,035
				_	9,488	12,753
					73,838	137,016
				_		

Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

continued

11,	Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year	202 2 €	2021 €
	Bank loan Carlow County Council Loan Government grants	451,250 504,155	424,125 506,220
		955,405	930,345
	Loans Repayable in one year or less, or on demand (Note 10) Repayable between one and two years Repayable between two and five years Repayable in five years or more	23,750 23,750 71,250 356,250	42,446 42,446 127,338 254,341
		475,000	466,571

12. Status

The liability of the members is limited.

Every member of the company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of its being wound up while they are members or within one year thereafter for the payment of the debts and liabilities of the company contracted before they ceased to be members and the costs, charges and expenses of winding up and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributors among themselves such amount as may be required, not exceeding € 2.

13. Capital commitments

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 30 June 2022.

Post-Balance Sheet Events

The impact of current tensions between Russia and Ukraine has not materially adversely impacted the company's income post year end, and the directors do not envisage that this will present an issue to the company providing matters do not further escalate. The directors have considered the impact of the war and its effect on the economic climate & have concluded that at the approval date of the financial statements, there has been no material impact on the company.

15.	Cash and cash equivalents		2022 €	2021 €
	Cash and bank balances		100,321	85,100
16	Reconciliation of Net Cash Flow to Movement in Net Debt			
		Opening balance	Cash flows	Closing balance
		€	€	€
	Long-term borrowings Short-term borrowings	(424,125) (42,446)	(27,125) 18,696	(451,250) (23,750)
	Total liabilities from financing activities	(466,571)	(8,429)	(475,000)
	Total Cash and cash equivalents (Note 15)			100,321
	Total net debt			(374,679)

Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

17. **Related Party Transactions**

The following related party transactions occurred in the year.

	2022 €	2021 €
Bank Guarantee - AIB Carlow Rent/Charges Received from Carlow County Council Operational Contribution in lieu of Anchor Tenant (Carlow County Council) External Project Receipts from Local Enterprise Office Development Contribution	10,945 21,950 -	500,000 11,618 25,896 2,259 30,000
	32,895	569,773

Carlow County Council advanced an interest free loan of €475,000 to the company during the year and this amount will be repaid over 20 years (annual payment of €23,750). The amounts owed are included in the Creditors note (short term & long term).

Approval of financial statements 18.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 8 December

CARLOW COMMUNITY ENTERPRISE CENTRES CLG

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

NOT COVERED BY THE AUDITORS REPORT

THE FOLLOWING PAGES DO NOT FORM PART OF THE AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TRADING STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

11 12 12			
	Schedule	2022	2021
	Schedule	€	€
Income			
Rental income		170.005	
Recharges: light and heat		173,235	168,915
Recharges: repairs		18,686	17,003
Rental income: conference room		172	-
Virtual office		5,072	1,649
Hot desk		1,360	960
Computer room		2,646	1,770
Canteen		288	150
Broadband		320	-
Carlow Exchange Programme		822	480
Craft Cluster		40,000	-
Recharges: cleaning		-	1,790
Brightstart Programme		1,077	1,300
Tintean - Rental		21,431	-
Youth Project		- 1	750
Client Consumables		2,455	-
RETS		-	200
Enterprise Ireland - Powering the Region		16,000	
Banner Project		55,485	2,479
Connected Hubs		2,366	-
Admin Support Services		9,537	-
COVID-19 Government Supports		2,330	-
		-	15,689
		353,282	040.405
Gross surplus Percentage			213,135
and our plus i elicentage		100.0%	100.0%
		V	
Overhead expenses	1	(352,555)	
	·	(332,333)	(200,868)
		727	12,267
Miscellaneous income			12,207
and the modified	2	46,670	37,749
Net surplus			
		47,397	50,016

Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SCHEDULE 1: OVERHEAD EXPENSES

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

	2022	0004
	€	2021 €
Admitstances	•	C
Administration Expenses		
Wages and salaries	46,833	44,533
Social welfare costs	5,170	5,590
Rent and rates	892	1,547
Insurance	2,422	2,773
Light and heat	33,676	25,216
Cleaning	25,910	23,241
Repairs, maintenance and cleaning	8,488	10,045
Printing, postage and stationery	826	759
Telephone	2,511	
Computer costs	•	2,242
Legal and professional	2,373	2,654
Bank charges	3,142	•
Provision of services for training courses	646	618
General expenses		13
External project costs	19	2,257
Canteen	-	8,759
RETS	1,392	605
Banner Project	16,000	-
•	2,366	-
Connected Hubs	9,537	-
Security systems	4,227	3,930
Powering the region CCEC	10,148	-
Youth Project	2,455	-
Carlow Exchange Project	40,000	-
Powering the Region El	40,592	
Brightstart programme	20,523	
Subscriptions		209
Auditor's remuneration	3,550	3,770
Depreciation of tangible assets	61,750	
		53,127
	345,448	404 000
	343,440	191,888
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u></u>
Finance		
Bank interest paid	7 107	0.000
F	7,107	8,980
Total Overheads	352,555	000 000
	332,333	200,868

Carlow Community Enterprise Centres CLG SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SCHEDULE 2: MISCELLANEOUS INCOME for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

 Miscellaneous Income
 €
 2022
 2021

 Amortisation of government grants
 €
 46,670
 37,749